## **Independent Practice: SPECIAL ANGLE PAIRS**

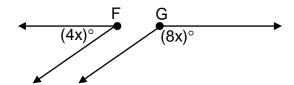
NAME:

DATE:\_\_\_\_

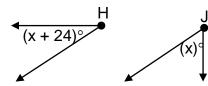
PERIOD:\_\_\_\_

Identify the type of angle pair and solve for  $\mathbf{x}$  in each of the following problems.

1.  $m\angle F + m\angle G = 180^{\circ}$ .



2.  $m\angle H + m\angle J = 90^{\circ}$ .

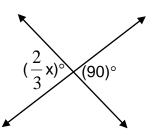


Type of pair:\_\_\_\_\_

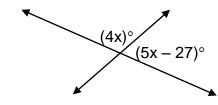
X = \_\_\_\_\_

Type of pair:\_\_\_\_\_

3.



4.

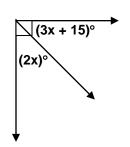


Type of pair:\_\_\_\_

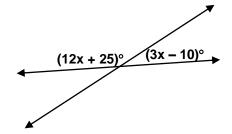
x = \_\_\_\_\_

Type of pair:\_\_\_\_\_

5.



6.



Type of pair:\_\_\_\_\_

X = \_\_\_\_\_

Type of pair:\_\_\_\_\_

X = \_\_\_\_\_

If ∠A and ∠B are complementary angles and m∠A = (7x + 4)° and m∠B = (4x + 9)°, find the value x by using an algebraic proof. Then find the measure of each angle.

1.	1.
2.	2.
3.	3.
4.	4.

m∠A = \_\_\_\_\_; m∠B = \_\_\_\_

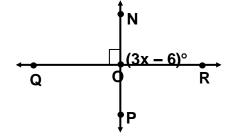
8. If  $\angle A$  and  $\angle B$  are supplementary angles and  $m\angle A = (3x - 7)^{\circ}$  and  $m\angle B = (2x + 2)^{\circ}$ , find the value **x** by using an algebraic proof. Then find the measure of each angle.

1.	1.
2.	2.
3.	3.
4.	4.

 $m\angle A =$ ;  $m\angle B =$ 

9. Find the value of **x** by using an algebraic proof.

1.	1.
2.	2.
3.	3.

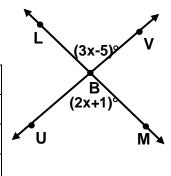


10. **LM** and **UV** intersect at **B**.

Find the value of **x** using an algebraic proof then find the

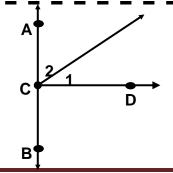
measure of ∠LBV.

1.	1.
2.	2.
3.	3.
4.	4.



x = \_\_\_\_\_; m∠LBV = \_\_\_\_\_

11.  $\overrightarrow{CD} \perp \overrightarrow{AB}$ ,  $m \angle 1 = (3x - 2)^{\circ}$ ,  $m \angle 2 = (4x + 1)^{\circ}$ . Find the  $m \angle 1$ ,  $m \angle 2$  and the value of x.



X = \_\_\_\_\_; m∠2 = \_\_\_\_\_